

**CATHEDRAL OF THE
BLESSED SACRAMENT CHOIR**

Guillaume de Machaut

La Messe de Nostre Dame

Edited by
Denis Stevens

Preface

Guillaume de Machaut was a Renaissance man of the Middle Ages. His humble origin never stood in the way of a brilliant career as the friend and adviser of princes temporal and spiritual, nor did his early embrace of the church prevent him from cultivating the friendship and love of a lady to whom he sent poetry, music, and letters, one of which says 'toutes mes choses ont été faites de vostre sentement, et pour vous especialement'. As almoner and later as secretary to John of Luxembourg Machaut travelled widely before settling down to the more peaceful routine of royal service, and he was able to spend the years of his maturity as a canon of Rheims. He has long been celebrated in the annals of scholarship for his four-voice setting of the Ordinary of the Mass. Recent discoveries of other cyclic and unified Masses composed in the fourteenth century do not diminish Machaut's achievement in any way. Rather do they confirm its unique fusion of structural and liturgical elements, its superior quality as regards texture and harmony, and its unerringly gallic compromise between spirituality and virtuosity.

The Edition

Although based on Ludwig's collation of four manuscripts dating from the late fourteenth century, this version departs from it in several respects, notably in the matter of *musica ficta*. Documentary and musical sources prove that singers were in the habit of adding accidentals to their own part, regardless of notes being sung at the same time in other voice-parts. The linear aspect of medieval music, prevalent both in composition and in performance, did much to encourage an attitude of this kind. When the separate parts are put into score, however, it becomes clear that much of this extemporaneous and un-called-for material should be removed. Machaut's harmonic style, especially his treatment of dissonance caused by the boldness of his part-writing, can be distilled from the considerable number of his extant motets. A study of these makes it perfectly evident that certain solecisms in the Mass must be due either to faulty transmission of the

primary source (which is lost), or to imaginative but impractical additions by later scribes and singers. I have therefore restored what I consider to be the probable original text, but in so doing I make no claim to infallibility. The greatness of the Machaut Mass lies in its power to withstand many different interpretations, and if the present edition is perhaps over-cautious with regard to *musica ficta*, it does make allowance for modern performing conditions by accepting the fact that most choral groups are basically SATB, and that soloists of these ranges are easily found. The instrumental participation is limited to violins, violas, cellos, and trombones, but it would of course be possible to make use of viols instead of modern stringed instruments.

The medieval predilection for performing the *Mass* in alternating fashion is here exploited with a view to obtaining the maximum of contrast in a work whose texture is consistently similar and therefore, to modern ears, deserving of some variation. To this end, I have also incorporated plainchant verses in the *Kyrie* and *Agnus Dei*. Tempi should be brisk enough to point up the virtuoso element in the solo and choral passages, but not so rapid as to obscure the declamation in homophonic sections. Original note-values have been quartered.

Analysis of the Music

1. *Kyrie*: Machaut here sets the pattern for the isorhythmic movements of his Mass. The chosen chant (*Kyrie Cunctipotens genitor*) is divided by artifice into a fixed rhythmical pattern of notes and rests, which is repeated audibly in the tenor part (Kyrie I, III, 4 bars $\times$ 7; Christe, 7 $\times$ 3; Kyrie VII, 8 $\times$ 2; Kyrie IX, 14 $\times$ 2, or almost 7 $\times$ 4).

2. *Gloria*: The polyphony is not based on chant, and there is no use of isorhythm. Machaut concentrates instead on clarity of declamation, achieved by a predominantly chordal style, using a variety of note-lengths to generate effects of repose and excitement, of prayer and praise. The Amen, in complete contrast, exploits lively hockets (rapid exchanges of single notes) and syncopations brilliant in their urgency.

3. *Credo*: Stylistically akin to the *Gloria*, this longest movement of the six reflects in its skilful pacing many of the structural and expressive features of the text. In the Amen, both tenor and contratenor are isorhythmic (6×6), and they exchange patterns at every alternate statement. The partially isorhythmic upper parts are set out in longer periods (12×3); excitement and tension emerge from their interaction.

4. *Sanctus & Benedictus*: The chant is heard in the tenor, and the first and third invocations of 'Sanctus' are virtually identical. At 'Domine Deus Sabaoth' there begins an isorhythmic statement involving tenor and contratenor on a strict basis, drawing also upon the upper parts in bars 4 and 5 of each repetition. The scheme is 8×10 , the final statement being slightly abbreviated.

5. *Agnus Dei*: These words are set freely, but the phrase beginning 'qui tollis' yields each time to Machaut's isorhythmic mastery (Agnus II, 9×2 ; Agnus III, 7×2). Once again the chant appears in the tenor part.

6. *Ite missa est*: In this brief but spirited coda, the scheme for the two lower voices is 8×2 , the upper voices also being isorhythmic in the second half of each statement.

D.S.

The following instrumental parts are on hire:

Violin 1

Violin 2

Viola

Cello

Trombone 1

Trombone 2

Duration 27 minutes

The first performance from this edition was given at the Lucerne International Music Festival in 1971, with soloists of the Accademia Monteverdiana, the Lucerne Festival Strings and Choir, conducted by Denis Stevens.

LA MESSE DE NOSTRE DAME

Edited by
DENIS STEVENS

GUILLAUME de MACHAUT
(c.1300—c.1370)

KYRIE

Violin 1

Violin 2

TENOR SOLO
Trombone 1

8 Ky - ri - e [e] - - -

Trombone 2

7

8 [e] - - - [e] -

14

8 [e] - - -

21

[e] - - - e - le - i - son.

CHOIR

T.
B.

8 Ky-ri - e - - - le - i - son.

29

SOPRANO SOLO

Ky - ri - e

ALTO SOLO

Ky - ri - e

Viola

Cello

[e]

[e]

42

Four staves of music. The first two staves are vocal parts with lyrics [e] and [e]. The third and fourth staves are piano accompaniment.

49

Four staves of music. The first two staves are vocal parts with lyrics [e] e - - le - i - son. and [e] e - le - i - son. The third and fourth staves are piano accompaniment.

CHOIR

Two staves for the choir, labeled S. and A. The lyrics are Chri-ste e - - le - i - son.

57

S. SOLO
Violin 1

Staff for Violin 1 solo, starting with the lyrics Chri - ste.

A. SOLO
Violin 2

Staff for Violin 2 solo, starting with the lyrics Chri - ste.

Viola

Staff for Viola.

Cello

Staff for Cello.

62

Measures 62-66 of a musical score. The system consists of four staves: two vocal staves (treble clef) and two piano accompaniment staves (bass clef). The vocal staves have lyrics [e] underneath. The piano accompaniment features a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a more complex bass line in the left hand.

67

Measures 67-72 of a musical score. The system consists of four staves: two vocal staves (treble clef) and two piano accompaniment staves (bass clef). The vocal staves have lyrics [e] underneath. The piano accompaniment continues with a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a more complex bass line in the left hand.

73

Measures 73-77 of a musical score. The system consists of four staves: two vocal staves (treble clef) and two piano accompaniment staves (bass clef). The vocal staves have lyrics e - le - i - son. underneath. The piano accompaniment continues with a steady eighth-note pattern in the right hand and a more complex bass line in the left hand.

CHOIR

T. B. 8 Chri-ste e - - le - i - son.

80

S. SOLO Ky - ri - e

A. SOLO Ky - ri - e

T. SOLO Ky - - - ri - - e

Tbn. 1

86

[e]

[e]

[e]

91

[e] e - lei - son.

[e] e - - lei - son.

[e] lei - son.

CHOIR

S.
A.
T.
B. (8)

Ky - ri - e e - - - le - i - son.

98

S. SOLO
Violin 1

Ky - ri - - e

A. SOLO
Violin 2

Ky - ri - e

T. SOLO
Va., Tbn. 1

Ky - - - ri - - - e

Vc., Tbn. 2

103

[e]

[e]

[e]

Ky - -

109

[e]

[e]

- ri - - - e

[e] e - - - - -

121

e - - le - i - son.
e - le - i - son.
- - lei - - - son.

GLORIA

B. SOLO

Glo - ri - a in ex - cel - sis De - o.

CHOIR
S.+A., Vn. 1+2

S. SOLO *

Et in tèr - ra pax ho - mì - ni -

T. SOLO

Et in tèr - ra pax ho - mì - ni -

B. SOLO

Et in tèr - ra pax ho - mì - ni -

Tbn. 1. 2.

Et in tèr - ra pax ho - mì - ni -

* Only the choir is doubled by the strings; the soloists are supported by Trombone 1.

8

SOLI A.

- bus bò - - nae vò - lun-tà-tis. Lau - dà - mus te. Be - ne - di - ci - mus

T.

- bus bò - nae vò - lun-tà-tis. Lau - dà - mus te. Be - ne - di - ci - mus

B.

- bus bò - nae vò - lun-tà-tis. Lau - dà - mus te. Be - ne - di - ci - mus

1.

14

CHOIR S.+A., Vn. 1+2

SOLI A.

te. Ad-o - rà - mus te. Glo - ri - fi - cà - mus te.

T., Va.

te. Ad-o - rà - mus te. Glo - ri - fi - cà - mus te.

B., Vc.

te. Ad-o - rà - mus te. Glo - ri - fi - cà - mus te. [Instr. only]

2.

1.

2.

20

CHOIR S.+A., Vn. 1+2

Grà - ti - as à - gi - mus tì - - bi prò - pter mà - gnam

T., Va.

Grà - ti - as à - gi - mus tì - - bi prò - pter mà - gnam

B., Vc.

Grà - ti - as à - gi - mus tì - - bi prò - pter mà - gnam

27

SOLI
S.

glò - ri - am — tù - am. Dò - mi - ne Dè - us, Rex

T.

glò - ri - am tù - am. Dò - mi - ne Dè - us, Rex

B.

glò - ri - am tù - am. Dò - mi - ne Dè - us, Rex

1.

33

CHOIR
S.+A., Vn. 1+2

cae - lè - stis, Dè - us Pà - ter o - mnì - po - tens. Dò-mi-ne —

T., Va.

cae - lè - stis, Dè - us Pà - ter o - mnì - po - tens. Dò-mi-ne —

B., Vc.

cae - lè - stis, Dè - us Pà - ter o - mnì - po - tens. Dò-mi-ne —

2.

40

Fì - li u-ni-gènite [Instr. only] Je - su Chri - ste.

Fì - li u-ni-gènite [Instr. only] Je - su Chri - ste.

Fì - li u-ni-gènite [Instr. only] Je - su Chri - ste.

47 SOLI
S.

Dò - mi - ne Dè - us, Agnus Dè - i, Fì - - li -

T.

Dò - mi - ne Dè - us, Agnus Dè - i, Fì - - li -

B.

[Instr. only] Dò - mi - ne Dè - us, Agnus Dè - i, Fì - - li -

1.

54 CHOIR
S.+A., Vn. 1+2

- us Pà - tris. Qui tòl - lis — pec-cà-ta mùn - di,

T., Va.

- us Pà - tris. Qui tòl - lis pec-cà-ta — mùn - di,

B., Vc.

- us Pà - tris. Qui tòl - lis pec-cà-ta mùn - di,

2.

62 SOLI
A.

mi-se-rè - re nò - bis. Qui tòl - lis pec-cà-ta mùn - di,

T.

mi-se-rè - re nò - bis. Qui tòl - lis pec-cà-ta mùn - di,

B.

mi-se-rè - re nò - bis. [Instr. only] Qui tòl - lis pec-cà-ta mùn - di,

1.

70

CHOIR
S., A., Vn. 1+2

sù - sci - pe de-pre-ca-ti - ò - nem nò - stram. Qui sè - des
T., Va.

sù - sci - pe de-pre-ca-ti - ò - nem nò - stram. Qui sè - des
B., Vc.

sù - sci - pe de-pre-ca-ti - ò - nem nò - stram. Qui sè - des
2.

77

SOLI
S.

ad dèx-te-ram Pà - tris, mi-se-rè - re nò - bis. Quo-ni - am tu
T.

ad dèx-te-ram Pà - tris, mi-se-rè - re nò - bis. Quo-ni - am tu
B.

ad dèx-te-ram Pà - tris, mi-se-rè - re nò - bis. Quo-ni - am tu
1.

83

CHOIR
S., A., Vn. 1+2SOLI
A.

sò-lus sà - ctus. Tu sò-lus Dò-mi - nus, Tu sò - lus al - tis-si -
T., Va.

sò-lus sà - ctus. Tu sò-lus Dò-mi - nus, Tu sò - lus al - tis-si -
B., Vc.

sò-lus sà - ctus. Tu sò-lus Dò-mi - nus, Tu sò - lus al - tis-si -
2.

sò-lus sà - ctus. Tu sò-lus Dò-mi - nus, Tu sò - lus al - tis-si -
1.

- mus, Je - su Chri - ste.

- mus, Je - su Chri - ste.

- mus, Je - su Chri - ste. [Instr. only]

2.

99 **CHOIR**
S.+A., Vn. 1+2

Cum Sà-n-cto Spi-ri-tu, in glò-ri - a Dè - i Pà - tris.

T., Va.

Cum Sà-n-cto Spi-ri-tu, in glò-ri - a Dè - i Pà - tris.

B., Vc.

Cum Sà-n-cto Spi-ri-tu, in glò-ri - a Dè - i Pà - tris.

106 **SOLI**
A.

A - - - - -

T.

A - - - - -

B.

A - - - - -

1.

114

Musical score for measures 114-120. The score is written for four staves: Treble 1, Treble 2, Bass 1, and Bass 2. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 4/4. The notation includes various note values, rests, and accidentals. The bass line features a prominent eighth-note pattern in measures 118-120.

121

Musical score for measures 121-125. The score is written for four staves: Treble 1, Treble 2, Bass 1, and Bass 2. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 4/4. The notation includes various note values, rests, and accidentals. The bass line features a prominent eighth-note pattern in measures 121-125.

126

Musical score for measures 126-130. The score is written for four staves: Treble 1, Treble 2, Bass 1, and Bass 2. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The time signature is 4/4. The notation includes various note values, rests, and accidentals. The bass line features a prominent eighth-note pattern in measures 126-130. The word "men." appears below the staves in measures 126, 127, and 128.

CREDO



Cre-do in u - num De - um:

Violin 1

A. SOLO

Pà - trem o - mni - po-tèn - tem, fa - ctò -

Viola

Cello

8

- rem cae-li et tèr - rae, vi-si-bi-li - um — ò - mni - um et in -

15

CHOIR

A.Vn. 1

Et in ù - num Dò - mi - num — Jè - sum

Vn. 2

- vi - si - bi - li - um.

T., Va.

8

Et in ù - num Dò - mi - num — Jè - sum

Tbn. 1

B., Tbn. 1

Et in ù - num Dò - mi - num — Jè - sum

21

SOLI

S.

Chri-stum Fi - li - um De - i u - ni - gè - ni - tum. Et ex

A.

Et ex

T.

Chri-stum Fi - li - um De - i u - ni - gè - ni - tum. Et ex

B., Vc.

Chri-stum Fi - li - um De - i u - ni - gè - ni - tum. Et ex

26

Pa - tre nà - tum an - te o - mni - a sae - cu - la.

Pa - tre nà - tum an - te o - mni - a sae - cu - la.

Va.

Pa - tre nà - tum an - te o - mni - a sae - cu - la.

Tbn. 2

Pa - tre nà - tum an - te o - mni - a sae - cu - la.

33

CHOIR

A., Vn. 1

Dè - um de Dè - o, lù - men de lù - mi - ne, De - um vè - rum de Dè - o vè -

Vn. 2

T., Va.

Dè - um de Dè - o, lù - men de lù - mi - ne, De - um vè - rum de Dè - o vè -

B., Tbn. 2

Dè - um de Dè - o, lù - men de lù - mi - ne, De - um vè - rum de Dè - o vè -

40

Vn. 1

- ro.

T. SOLO

- ro. Ge - ni - tum, non fà - ctum, cò - n - sub - stàn - ti - à - lem Pà - -

Vc.

- ro.

46

- tri: per quem ò - mni - a fa - - cta sunt.

53 CHOIR

S., Vn. 1

Qui prò - pter nos hò - mi - nes et prò - pter nòstram sa - lù - tem

A., Vn. 2

Qui prò - pter — nos — hò - mi - nes — et — prò - pter nòstram sa - lù - tem

T., Va.

Qui prò - pter nos hò - mi - nes et prò - pter nòstram sa - lù - tem

B., Tbn. 1

Qui prò - pter nos hò - mi - nes et prò - pter nòstram sa - lù - tem

60

SOLI (unaccompanied)

S.

de - scèn-dit de caè - lis. Et in-car - nà-tus est de Spi-ri-tu Sà -

A.

de - scèn-dit de caè - lis. Et in-car - nà-tus est de Spi-ri-tu Sà -

T.

de - scèn-dit de caè - lis. Et in-car - nà-tus est de Spi-ri-tu Sà -

B.

de - scèn-dit de caè - lis. Et in-car - nà-tus est de Spi-ri-tu Sà -

67

-cto ex Ma - rì - a Vir - gi - ne: et hòmo fàc-tus est.

-cto ex Ma - rì - a Vir - gi - ne: et hòmo fàc-tus est.

-cto ex Ma - rì - a Vir - gi - ne: et hòmo fàc-tus est.

-cto ex Ma - rì - a Vir - gi - ne: et hòmo fàc-tus est.

77

CHOIR

S., Vn. 1

Cru - ci - fi - xus e - ti - am pro nò - bis sub Pòn-ti - o Pi-là - to:

A., Vn. 2

Cru - ci - fi - xus e - ti - am pro nò - bis sub Pòn-ti - o Pi-là - to:

Va.

T., Va.

Cru - ci - fi - xus e - ti - am pro nò - bis sub Pòn-ti - o Pi-là - to:

Tbn. 2

B., Tbn. 2

Cru - ci - fi - xus e - ti - am pro nò - bis sub Pòn-ti - o Pi-là - to:

83

S. SOLO

pas-sus, et se - pùl-tus est. Et re-sur - rè - xit ter-ti-a di - e,

Vn. 2

pas-sus, et se - pùl-tus est.

Va.

pas-sus, et se - pùl-tus est.

Vc.

pas-sus, et se - pùl-tus est.

89

CHOIR

A., Vn. 1

se-cùn-dum Scri-ptù - ras. Et a - scèn-dit in càe - lum:

S., Vn. 2

Et a - scèn-dit in càe - lum:

T., Va.

Et a - scèn-dit in càe - lum:

B., Tbn. 1

Et a scèn-dit in càe - lum:

94

sè - - det ad dèx-te - ram Pà - tris

sè - - det ad dèx-te - ram Pà - tris

sè - - det ad dèx-te - ram Pà - tris

sè - - det ad dèx-te - ram Pà - tris

99 SOLI
S., Vn. 1

Et i-te-rum ven-tù-rus est cum glò-ri-a ju-di-

A., Vn. 2

Et i-te-rum ven-tù-rus est cum glò-ri-a ju-di-

T., Va.

Et i-te-rum ven-tù-rus est cum glò-ri-a ju-di-

B., Vc.

Et i-te-rum ven-tù-rus est cum glò-ri-a ju-di-

103

-cà-re vi-vos et mòr-tu-os: cu-jus rè-gni non e-rit fi-nis.

-cà-re vi-vos et mòr-tu-os: cu-jus rè-gni non e-rit fi-nis.

-cà-re vi-vos et mòr-tu-os: cu-jus rè-gni non e-rit fi-nis.

-cà-re vi-vos et mòr-tu-os: cu-jus rè-gni non e-rit fi-nis.

108 CHOIR
S., Vn. 1

Et in Spì-ri-tum Sànctum Dò-mi-num, et vi-vi-fi-

A., Vn. 2

Et in Spì-ri-tum Sànctum Dò-mi-num, et vi-vi-fi-

T., Va.

Et in Spì-ri-tum Sànctum Dò-mi-num, et vi-vi-fi-

B., Tbn. 2

Et in Spì-ri-tum Sànctum Dò-mi-num, et vi-vi-fi-

112

- càn - tem: qui ex Pà - tre, Fi - li - o - que pro-cè - dit.

- càn - tem: qui ex Pà - tre, Fi - li - o - que pro-cè - dit.

- càn - tem: qui ex Pà - tre, Fi - li - o - que pro-cè - dit.

- càn - tem: qui ex Pà - tre, Fi - li - o - qui pro-cè - dit.

118

Vn. 1

Vn. 2

Va.

B. SOLO

Qui cum Pà - tre, et Fi - li - o sì-mul ad-o-rà - tur, et conglo-ri-fi - cà -

123

- tur: qui lo-cù-tus est per Pro - phè - tas.

Tbn. 1

129 CHOIR
S., Vn. 1

Et ù - nam, sà-n-ctam, ca - thò - li - cam et a - po -

A., Vn. 2

Et ù - nam, sà-n-ctam, ca - thò - li - cam et a - po -

T., Va.

Et ù - nam, sà-n-ctam, ca - thò - li - cam et a - po -

B., Tbn. 1

Et ù - nam, sà-n-ctam, ca - thò - li - cam et a - po -

133

SOLO
A., Vn. 1

- stò - li - cam Ec - clè - si - am. Con - fì - te - or ù - num ba -

Vn. 2

- stò - li - cam Ec - clè - si - am.

Va.

- stò - li - cam Ec - clè - si - am.

Vc.

- stò - li - cam Ec - clè - si - am.

138

- ptì - sma in re - mis - si - ò - nem pec - ca - tò - rum.

142 **CHOIR**
S., Vn. 1
Et ex - spè - cto rè - sur-rè - cti - ò - nem

A., Vn. 2
Et ex - spè - cto rè - sur-rè - cti - ò - nem

T., Va.
Et ex - spè - cto rè - sur-rè - cti - ò - nem

Tbn. 2
B., Tbn. 2
Et ex - spè - cto rè - sur-rè - cti - ò - nem

146 **SOLI (unaccompanied)**
S.
mor - tu - ò - rum. Et vi - tam ven - tù - ri sàe - cu - li.

A.
mor - tu - ò - rum. Et vi - tam ven - tù - ri sàe - cu - li.

T.
mor - tu - ò - rum. Et vi - tam ven - tù - ri sàe - cu - li.

B.
mor - tu - ò - rum. Et vi - tam ven - tù - ri sàe - cu - li.

152 **CHOIR**
S., Vn. 1
A - - - - -

A., Vn. 2
A - - - - -

T., Va.
A - - - - -

B., Tbn. 1
A - - - - -

160

Musical score for measures 160-166. The score is written for four staves. The first staff (treble clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in measure 162. The second staff (treble clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in measure 162. The third staff (treble clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in measure 162. The fourth staff (bass clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in measure 162. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

167

Musical score for measures 167-173. The score is written for four staves. The first staff (treble clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in measure 169. The second staff (treble clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in measure 169. The third staff (treble clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in measure 169. The fourth staff (bass clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in measure 169. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

174

Musical score for measures 174-180. The score is written for four staves. The first staff (treble clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in measure 176. The second staff (treble clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in measure 176. The third staff (treble clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in measure 176. The fourth staff (bass clef) contains a melody with eighth and sixteenth notes, including a triplet of eighth notes in measure 176. The key signature has one sharp (F#).

Four-part vocal setting. The Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass parts are shown. Each part has a melodic line with lyrics "- men." written below the notes.

SANCTUS

Instrumental introduction for the Sanctus. The parts are Violin 1, Violin 2, B. SOLO Viola, and Cello. The lyrics "San - ctus, San - ctus" are written below the staves. The key signature is one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 4/4.

Four-part vocal setting of the Sanctus. The Soprano, Alto, Tenor, and Bass parts are shown. The lyrics "San - ctus, [Instr. only] San - ctus" are written below the notes. The key signature is one flat (B-flat) and the time signature is 4/4.

16 SOLI

S.
Dò - mi - - - nus Dè - - - -

A.
Dò - mi - - - nus Dè - - - -

Va.
Vc.

23

- - us Sà - - - ba - - - -

- - us Sà - - - ba - - - -

30

- oth. Plè - ni sunt - - - - càe - - - -

- oth. Plè - ni sunt - - - - càe - - - -

37

- - li et - - - tèr - ra glò - ri - - -

- - li et - - - tèr - ra glò - ri - - -

44

CHOIR S., Vn.1

CHOIR A., Vn.2

CHOIR T., Tbn.1

CHOIR B., Tbn.2

a - tù - a. Ho -

a - tù - a. Ho -

Ho -

Ho -

51

- sà - na in ex -

- sà - na in

- sà - na in

- sà - na in

58

ex - cèl - sis.

ex - cèl - sis.

ex - cèl - sis.

ex - cèl - sis.

64 SOLI
S. (unaccompanied)

Be - ne - dì - ctus qui _____

A.
Be - ne - dì - ctus qui _____

T.
8 Be - ne - dì - ctus qui _____

B.
Be - ne - dì - ctus qui _____

70

_____ vè - - nit in _____ nò - mi - ne _____

_____ vè - - nit in _____

8 _____ vè - nit in nò - -

_____ vè - - nit in _____ nò - -

75

Dò - - - - - mi - ni.

nò - mi - - - - ne _____ Dò - mi - ni.

8 - mi - ne Dò - - - - - mi - - - - ni.

- mi - - ne Dò - - - - - mi - - - - ni.

79 Vn. 1 CHOIR S., Vn. 1
 Ho - - - - - sà - - - - -

Vn. 2 CHOIR A., Vn. 2
 Ho - - - - - sà - - - - -

Va. CHOIR T., Va., Tbn. 1
 Ho - - - - - sà - - - - -

Vc. CHOIR B., Vc., Tbn. 2
 Ho - - - - - sà - - - - -

85
 - - - - - na in _____ ex -

- - - - - na in _____

- - - - - na in _____

- - - - - na in _____

90
 - - - - - cèl - - - - - sis.

ex - - - - - cèl - - - - - sis.

ex - - - - - cèl - - - - - sis.

ex - - - - - cèl - - - - - sis.

AGNUS DEI

CHOIR
T., B.

B. SOLO

A - gnus De - i qui - tol - lis pec - ca - ta - mun - di, mi - se - re - re - no - bis.

CHOIR

SOPRANO
Violin 1

ALTO
Violin 2

TENOR
Viola

BASS
Cello

A - gnus Dè - i,

8 SOLI
S.

A.

Tbn. 1

Tbn. 2

qui - - - - - tòi - - - - - lis - - - - - pec - - - - -

13

- cà - - - - - ta - - - - - mùn - - - - - di - - - - -

18

mi - - - se - - - re - -

mi - - - - - se - - - re - -

22

- re - - - - - nô - - - - - bis. - - - - -

- re - - - - - nô - - - - - bis. - - - - -

27

CHOIR
S., Vn. 1

A - - - - - gnus Dê - - - - - i,

A., Vn. 2
A - - - - - gnus Dê - - - - - i,

T., Va.
A - - - - - gnus Dê - - - - - i,

B., Vc.
A - - - - - gnus - - - - - Dê - - - - - i,

33 SOLI
S.

A.



T., Va.



B., Vc.



38



43



ITE, MISSA EST

B.SOLO

SOPRANO
Violin 1

SOLI + CHOIR

ALTO
Violin 2TENOR
Va., Tbn. 1BASS
Vc., Tbn. 2

8



14

